Name	Ki Tae Suk
Affiliation	Institute for Liver and Digestive Diseases, Hallym University College of Medicine, Hallym University, Chuncheon,
Country	Republic of Korea.
Major Field	Liver , microbiome

Educational Background

1993-1999 Medical Degree, Yonsei University, Wonju College of Medicine, Korea
2003-2015 Master of Medicine, Graduate School, Yonsei University, Seoul, Korea
2010-2012 Doctor of Medicine, Graduate School, Yonsei University, Seoul, Korea
2014-2016 post-Doctor Research Scholar, Medicine, Columbia University, New York, USA.
2016-persant Professor, Hallym University, Chuncheon, Korea

Professional Experience

2020-present Webinar Committee, APASL (Asian Pacific Association for the Study of the Liver)
2018-present Publishing and academic committee, KASL (Korean Association for the Study of the Liver)
2018-present Publishing and academic committee, the Korean Liver Cancer Association
2016-present Professor, Gastroenterology, Chuncheon Sacred Heart Hospital, Hallym University,

Other Experience and Professional Memberships

Member, Korean Society of Gastrointestinal Endoscopy
Director, Korean Society of Medical Ultrasound
Director, Gangwon division, KASL
Member, Korean Liver Association

Main Scientific Publications

1. Yu JS, Youn GS, Suk KT, Lee DY. Lactobacillus lactis and Pediococcus pentosaceus-driven reprogramming of gut microbiome and metabolome ameliorates the progression of non-alcoholic fatty liver disease. Clin Transl Med. 2021 Dec;11(12):e634.
2. Lee NY, Joung HC, Kim BK, Kim BY, Park TS, Suk KT. Lactobacillus lactis CKDB001 ameliorate progression of nonalcoholic fatty liver disease through of gut microbiome: addendum. 2020 Gut Microbes 12:1829449.
3. Suk KT, Yoon JH, Kim MY et al. Transplantation with autologous bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells for alcoholic cirrhosis: Phase 2 trial. Hepatology. 2016 Dec;64(6):2185-2197.
4. Suk KT, Mederacke I, Gwak GY, Cho SW, Adeyemi A, Friedman R, Schwabe RF. Opposite roles of cannabinoid receptors 1 and 2 in hepatocarcinogenesis. Gut. 2016 Oct;65(10):1721-32.